Vietnam – Hochiminh Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Viet Nam - Hochiminh GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Viet Nam could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program. The Viet Nam – Hochiminh GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 8 - 10, conducted in 2003. A two-stage

cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Hochiminh. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 88.0%, the student response rate was 90.1%, and the overall response rate was 79.3%. A total of 1791 students participated in the Viet Nam - Hochiminh GYTS.

Prevalence

- 17.4% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 22.1%, Girl = 13.5%)
- 5.7% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 8.5%, Girl = 3.3%)
- 4.3% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 7.0%, Girl = 2.1%)
- 2.1% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 2.6%, Girl = 1.5%)
- 8.1% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

18.9% think boys and 7.5% think girls who smoke have more friends 13.3% think boys and 8.5% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

17.3% usually smoke at home 56.7% buy cigarettes in a store

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

- 65.3% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 87.9% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 69.6% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 59.9% have one or more parents who smoke
- 5.3% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

- 82.0% want to stop smoking
- 69.2% tried to stop smoking during the past year
- 86.1% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

- 91.4% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 72.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 47.0% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 19.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 10.2% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

61.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 27.1% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

Highlights

- 6% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 4% currently smoke cigarettes; 2% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high 7 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Almost 6 in 10 have parents who smoke
- 7 in 10 of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost 9 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- 8 in 10 smokers want to quit.
- 9 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; over 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.